

PRELIMINARY LAKE SURVEY
Field Form

Lake identification (name, ID number, bay or fjord receiving drainage) "UPPER NAKVASSHI" LAKE
PORT HOPKINS, BARANDF IS. 109-10-14

Lake area & elevation . Weather & lake surface conditions OVERCAST,

LIGHT RAIN IN MORNING, LIGHT BREEZE IN AFTERNOON. 0-5 MPH. ICE ON 85% OF LAKE.

ICE VARIED IN THICKNESS TO 1/2". ICE COVERED X, BUT WOULD NOT SUPPORT A PERSON'S WEIGHT.

Dates 27 FEBRUARY 1981 Observers BUCHANAN, REIFENSTUHL, STRALEY, WARNER, ZISCHKE

PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PARAMETERS:

Field Analyses:

Bathymetry: Give total number & map labels of depth transects conducted (e.g., 2:A→B, C→B)

Gear used . No. of major basins 1 and max. depth observed in each 61 M

No. & location of sampling station(s)

Secchi disc: Station X & time 1357 h of measurement. Lake surface & sky conditions

OVERCAST, LIGHT RAIN, SLIGHT WIND (NNE), ICE 3-6 CM THICK

Depth disc disappeared/reappeared 11.0 / 11.0

Parameters by depth:

Parameter profiles were measured from 1419 - 1510 h. Water samples for Hach kit determinations were collected from 1.0-m depth at 1422 h & processed from 1425 - 1445 h, collected from mid-hypolimnion (41 m) at 1400 h & processed from 1410 - 1455 h, and collected from near bottom (60 m) at 1540 h & processed from 1545 - 1600 h. Parameter profiles were measured and water samples were collected at station X.

Times of profile measurements: →	Temperature (°C) meter	Conductivity (μmhos/cm) Pocket-thermo-meter	DO (mg/l) meter	pH Hach kit Hydrolab meter	Alkalinity (mg/l) narrow range	Hardness (mg/l)	Light intensity (foot-candles)
Depths(m) "above Surface"							1345h - 1355h
≈ 0.05	2.9						.71 x 10 ³
0.3	2.2						.30 x 10 ³
0.5	2.8						.19 x 10 ³
1.0	3.2	4.0	33	12.80 12.35	5.44 incorrect wheel 0.32 ml used = 4.8	0.49 ml used = 6.62	.19 x 10 ³
1.5	3.3						
2.0	3.3						.20 x 10 ³
2.5	3.4						
3.0	3.4						.17 x 10 ³
3.5	3.4						
4.0	3.4						.14 x 10 ³
4.5	3.4						
5.0	3.4	34	12.32	5.47			.12 x 10 ³
5.5	3.4						
6.0	3.4						.95 x 10 ²
6.5	3.4						
7.0	3.4						.79 x 10 ²
7.5	3.4						
8.0	3.4						.65 x 10 ²
8.5	3.4						
9.0	3.4						.52 x 10 ²
9.5	3.4						
10.0	3.4	34	12.30	5.49			.43 x 10 ²
10.5	3.4						
11.0	3.4						.35 x 10 ²
11.5	3.4						
12.0	3.4						.29 x 10 ²
12.5	3.4						

Depths (m)	Temperature (°C)	Conductivity (μmhos/cm)	DO (mg/l)	pH	Alkalinity (mg/l)	Hardness (mg/l)	Light intensity (foot-candles)
	Pocket thermo- meter			Hach kit meter	Hach kit wide range	narrow range	
13.0	34			Hydrokit ✓			.23 x 10 ²
13.5	34						
14.0	34						.19 x 10 ²
14.5	34						
15.0	34	34	12.19	5.50			.16 x 10 ²
16.0	34						.13 x 10 ²
17.0	34						.10 x 10 ²
18.0	34						.66 x 10
19.0	34						.56 x 10
20.0	34		11.99	5.47			.43 x 10
21	3.5						.36 x 10
22	3.5						.30 x 10
23	3.5						.25 x 10
24	3.5						.20 x 10
25	3.5	34	11.70	5.50			.17 x 10
26	3.6						.14 x 10
27	3.6						.11 x 10
28	3.6						.10 x 10
29	3.7						.30 x 1
30	3.7						
31	3.7						

Near bottom
(m) (Continued
on next page)

Lab Analyses:

Were water samples collected for lab analyses (Yes, No) (circle one), including metals (Y, N)
Where? X. Samples were collected from 1.0-m depth (Y, N) at 1223 h and field processed
from 1230 - 1320 h, & collected from 41 m at 1400 h & field processed from 1405 - 1415 h.

BIOLOGICAL PARAMETERS:

Phytoplankton: Water sample was collected at station X from 1.0 -m depth at 1223 h and
initially processed for subsequent analyses of chlorophyll a (Y, N) from 1250 - 1315 h,
phytoplankton biomass (Y, N) from _____ h, and species identification (Y, N) at _____ h

Zooplankton: Sample Sampling Depth of Tow Time at Elapsed time Tow
No. station station depth collection of tow (secs.) angle Collector:
1. X, 61 50 1511 62 70° JZ
2. X, 61 50 1517 65 90° JZ

Dominant zooplankters observed and comments _____

Lake-resident fish(es): Summarize number of fish collected in the lake by gear type & species.

Gear type	Total time fished (net-, trap-hrs)	Catch (number, species, mean length in mm)	Frequency (fish/hr)
$\Sigma GN()$			
$\Sigma MT()$			
Comments:			

Observations (e.g., aquatic macrophytes, aquatic invertebrates, fish-eating birds) and general remarks: _____

